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IN THE CLAIMS

Amendments to the claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A high-frequency power supply device including an oscillator to output a high-frequency signal, an amplifier to amplify the output of the oscillator for supplying a high-frequency output to a load, and a direct-current power supply to supply a direct-current power voltage to the amplifier, the high-frequency power supply device comprising:

a direct-current output detector connected between the direct-current power

supply and the amplifier to detect at least the direct-current power voltage supplied from
the direct-current power supply to the amplifier;

a high-frequency output detector connected between the amplifier and the load to detect the high-frequency output supplied from the amplifier to the load;

a loss calculator that calculates a loss generated in the amplifier;

a first controller which, when the calculated loss by the loss calculator exceeds a loss set value determined beforehand, causes the direct-current power supply to lower the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply to be lowered-until the calculated loss becomes equal to the loss set value, the first controller further causing, when the calculated loss is no greater than the loss set value, the direct-current power supply to maintain the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply to be maintained at an appropriate direct-current voltage set value; and

a second controller to control which controls the output of the oscillator or the amplifier so that the high-frequency output supplied to the load from the amplifier approaches a high-frequency output set value.

 (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 1, wherein the loss set value is set to be no greater than a permissible maximum loss generated in the 02/02/2007 13:27

amplifier when heat generated in the amplifier reaches an upper limit of a permissible range.

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- 3. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 1, wherein the loss calculator calculates loss that is generated in a semiconductor element constituting the amplifier.
- 4. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 3, wherein the loss set value is set to be no greater than a permissible maximum loss generated in the semiconductor element constituting the amplifier when heat generated in the semiconductor element reaches an upper limit of a permissible range.
- (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 1, wherein 5. the first controller causes, when the calculated loss by the loss calculator exceeds a first loss set value determined beforehand, the output voltage of the direct-current power supply to be lowered within a range that does not fall below a predetermined lower limit value in order to make the calculated loss equal to the first loss set value, the first controller further causing, when the calculated loss is no greater than the first loss set value, the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply to be maintained at an appropriate direct-current voltage set value,

wherein the second controller controls, when the direct-current power voltage is greater than the lower limit value, the output of the oscillator or the amplifier so that the high-frequency output supplied to the load from the amplifier approaches a highfrequency output set value, the second controller further controlling, when the directcurrent power voltage is no greater than the lower limit value, the output of the oscillator or the amplifier in order to make the calculated loss equal to the first loss set value or to a second loss set value which is slightly greater than the first loss set value.

(Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 5, wherein 6. the first loss set value and the second loss set value are no greater than a permissible

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maximum loss generated in the amplifier when heat generated in the amplifier reaches an upper limit of a permissible range.

- 7. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 5, wherein the loss calculator calculates loss generated in a semiconductor element constituting the amplifier.
- 8. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 7, wherein the first loss set value and the second loss set value are no greater than a permissible maximum loss generated in the semiconductor element constituting the amplifier when heat generated in the semiconductor element reaches an upper limit of a permissible range.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A high-frequency power supply device including an oscillator to output a high-frequency signal, an amplifier to amplify an output of the oscillator for supplying a high-frequency output to a load, and a direct-current power supply to supply a direct-current power voltage to the amplifier, the high-frequency power supply device comprising:

a junction temperature calculator that calculates junction temperature of a semiconductor amplifier element provided in the amplifier;

a first controller which causes, when the calculated junction temperature by the junction temperature calculator exceeds a junction temperature set value determined beforehand, the direct-current power supply to lower the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply to be lowered until the calculated junction temperature becomes equal to the junction temperature set value, the first controller further causing, when the calculated junction temperature is no greater than the junction temperature set value, the direct-current power supply to maintain the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply to be maintained at an appropriate direct-current voltage set value; and

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a second controller which controls the output of the oscillator or the amplifier so that the high-frequency output supplied to the load from the amplifier approaches a high-frequency output set value.

- 10. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 9, wherein the junction temperature set value is set to be no greater than a permissible maximum value of the junction temperature of the semiconductor amplifier element.
- 11. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 9, wherein the first controller causes, when the calculated junction temperature by the junction temperature calculator exceeds a first junction temperature set value determined beforehand, the output voltage of the direct-current power supply to be lowered within a range that does not fall below a predetermined lower limit value in order to make the calculated junction temperature equal to the first junction temperature set value, the first controller further causing, when the calculated junction temperature is no greater than the first junction temperature set value, the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply to be maintained at an appropriate direct-current voltage set value,

wherein the second controller controls, when the direct-current power voltage is greater than the lower limit value, the output of the oscillator or the amplifier so that the high-frequency output supplied to the load from the amplifier approaches a high-frequency output set value, the second controller further controlling, when the direct-current power voltage is no greater than the lower limit value, the output of the oscillator or the amplifier in order to make the calculated junction temperature equal to the first junction temperature set value which is slightly higher than the first junction temperature set value.

12. (Original) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 11, wherein the first junction temperature set value and the second junction temperature set value are set to be no greater than the permissible maximum value of the junction temperature of the semiconductor amplifier element.

high-frequency output.

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- 14. (Previously Presented) The high-frequency power supply device according to claim 9, wherein the direct-current voltage set value is set at a value that maximizes efficiency of the amplifier within a range that causes no distortion of a waveform of the high-frequency output.
- 15. (New) A high-frequency power supply device including an oscillator to output a high-frequency signal, an amplifier to amplify an output of the oscillator for supplying a high-frequency output to a load, and a direct-current power supply to supply a direct-current power voltage to the amplifier, the high-frequency power supply device comprising:
- a direct-current output detector connected between the direct-current power supply and the amplifier to detect at least the direct-current power voltage supplied from the direct-current power supply to the amplifier;
- a high-frequency output detector connected between the amplifier and the load to detect the high-frequency output supplied from the amplifier to the load;
- a junction temperature calculator that calculates junction temperature of a semiconductor amplifier element provided in the amplifier;
 - a first controller which causes, when the calculated junction temperature by the junction temperature calculator exceeds a junction temperature set value determined beforehand, the direct-current power supply to lower the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply until the calculated junction temperature becomes equal to the junction temperature set value, the first controller further causing, when the calculated junction temperature is no greater than the junction temperature set value, the direct-current power supply to maintain the direct-current power voltage supplied to the amplifier from the direct-current power supply at an appropriate direct-current voltage set value; and

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a second controller connected to the high-frequency output detector and the amplifier to control the output of the oscillator or the amplifier so that the highfrequency output supplied to the load from the amplifier approaches a high-frequency output supplied to the load from the amplifier approaches a high-frequency output set value.